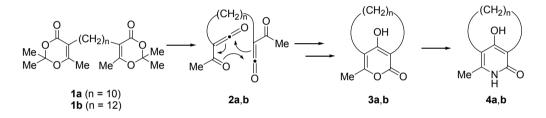
Efficient synthesis of Heterophanes by intramolecular cycloaddition of bis(acylketene)s

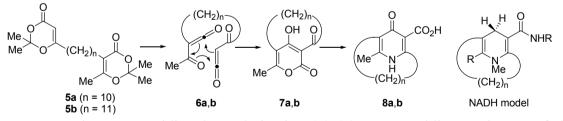
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I developed a new synthetic method of bridged pyridine derivatives. The key step of this method is intramolecular [4+2] cycloaddition of bis(acylketene) derivatives **2a,b** thermally generated from 1,3-dixoxin-4-ones **1a,b** to give bridged pyrones. Thus, **1a,b** were heated in refluxing bromobenzene under a high-dilution condition, and the product mixtures were heated with water to afford pyrone **3a,b**. On heating with ethanolic ammonia, **3a,b** were transformed into pyridone **4a,b** in high yields.



Unsymmetrical bis(acylketene)s **6a,b** generated from the corresponding 1,3-dioxin-4-ones **5a,b** also underwent intramolecular [4+2] cycloaddition to give bridged pyrones **7a,b**. The ring transformation of **7a,b** by heating with ethanolic ammonia afforded *para*-pyridinophanes **8a,b** which are expected to serve as new intermediates for planar chiral NADH models.



The *meta*-pyridinophane derivative (R)-(+)-muscopyridine **13** is one of the odoriferous constituents of natural musk obtained from the male musk deer *Moschus moschiferus*. The synthesis of **13** has been accomplished using the ketene cycloaddition in 12 steps with 47% overall yield.

